SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Pure Reflections NR Slow Activ

Other means of identification

Product Code PR90-QT

Recommended use Automotive Refinish Activator/Hardener

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Pure Reflections

A division of IAMG/International Autobody Marketing Group **Address**

> 1505 N. Hayden Road, Ste. 111 Scottsdale, Arizona 85257

United States

Telephone **INFORMATION** 1-87-REFINISH

I.fields@iamgaz.com E-mail

Lloyd Fields **Contact person**

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Sensitization, respiratory Category 1 Sensitization, skin Category 1 Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B

> Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Category 2

Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

> Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to

Category 3

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: Pure Reflections NR Slow Activ PR90-QT Version #: 01 Issue date: 07-28-2015

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

65.78% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 84.3% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 71.75% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
4-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-one		108-32-7	20 to <30
homopolymer of HDI		28182-81-2	10 to <20
Trimethylbenzene		25551-13-7	10 to <20
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	5 to <10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		108-10-1	5 to <10
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate		108-65-6	1 to <5
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone		108-83-8	1 to <5
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate		763-69-9	1 to <5
light aromatic solvent naphtha		64742-95-6	1 to <5
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	1 to <5
1,2-Dimethybenzene		95-47-6	0.1 to <1
Cumene		98-82-8	0.1 to <1
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable levels	6		10 to <20

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of

eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Components	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910 Type	.1000) Value	
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
•		100 ppm	
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)	PEL	290 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	PEL	410 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	PEL	245 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	150 ppm	
•	TWA	100 ppm	
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)	TWA	25 ppm	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL	75 ppm	
,	TWA	20 ppm	

Components	Type	Value	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS	TWA	20 ppm	
100-41-4)		20 pp	
n-butyl acetate (CAS	STEL	200 ppm	
123-86-4)			
	TWA	150 ppm	
Trimethylbenzene (CAS	TWA	25 ppm	
25551-13-7)			
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem			
Components	Туре	Value	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA	125 mg/m3	
(CAS 95-63-6)		J	
		25 ppm	
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS	STEL	655 mg/m3	
95-47-6)		450	
	T10/0	150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
0.0 Discelled Advantages	T10/0	100 ppm	
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)	TWA	150 mg/m3	
(CAS 100-03-0)		25 ppm	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS	STEL	300 mg/m3	
108-10-1)	0122	oo mg/mo	
,		75 ppm	
	TWA	205 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	245 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS	STEL	545 mg/m3	
100-41-4)			
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS	STEL	950 mg/m3	
123-86-4)		200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
	IVV	150 ppm	
HO Warlanta as Forter constitution	and the second s	100 βρίτι	
US. Workplace Environmental Exp		Value	
Components	Туре	Value	
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	50 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
1,2-Dimethybenzene (C 95-47-6)	AS 1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (108-10-1)	CAS1 mg/l	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	*	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Can be absorbed through the skin. Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove **Hand protection**

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Liquid. Physical state Liquid. **Form**

Color Clear colorless or nearly colorless

Odor Solvent. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. Ηq

Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling

-119.2 °F (-84 °C) estimated 241.7 °F (116.5 °C) estimated

Flash point 73.0 °F (22.8 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

range

8 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

12 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

Vapor pressure 3.96 hPa estimated Not available. Vapor density Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

840 °F (448.89 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Other information

Viscosity

Density 8.81 lbs/gal

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Percent volatile 60.1 % Specific gravity 1.06

VOC 2.8 lbs/gal Material

3.7 lbs/gal Regulatory 333 g/l Material 444 g/l Regulatory

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

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Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness

and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicityToxic if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components Species Test Results

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 2000 ppm, 48 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 6 g/kg

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 4600 ppm, 6 Hours

Rat 6350 ppm, 4 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	4300 mg/kg
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (0	CAS 108-83-8)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal	D. I.I.Y	40000
LD50	Rabbit	16200 mg/kg
	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation	Det	S F month Allaum
LC50	Rat	> 5 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral LD50	Mouse	1416 malka
LD50		1416 mg/kg
4 " 140" 100	Rat	5285 mg/kg
4-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-one	: (CAS 108-32-1)	
<u>Acute</u> Oral		
LD50	Rabbit	> 20 ml/kg
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS		20 mm/g
Acute	100 10 1)	
<u>Dermal</u>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 16000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2080 mg/kg
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	2000 ppm, 7 Hours
		24.7 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral	_	
LD50	Rat	1400 mg/kg
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41	-4)	
Acute		
Dermal LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral	Nabbit	17000 mg/kg
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86		cooo mg/ng
Acute	• •,	
Inhalation		
LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		•
LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg

Components Species Test Results

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 8970 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzer	ne (CAS 95-63-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	(CAS 108-10-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours
Cumene (CAS 98-82-	8)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethyl benzene (CAS 1	00-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Components Species Test Results

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

1,2-Dimethybenzene	3.12
4-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-one	-0.41
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.31
Cumene	3.66
Ethyl benzene	3.15
n-butyl acetate	1.78

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste codeThe waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material, MARINE POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group II
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions150Packaging non bulk202Packaging bulk242

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group II
Environmental hazards Yes
ERG Code 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material, MARINE POLLUTANT

Not established.

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group ||
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutantYesEmSF-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code





IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)Listed.4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)Listed.Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)Listed.Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)Listed.n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	5 to <10	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	108-10-1	5 to <10	
1,2-Dimethybenzene	95-47-6	0.1 to <1	
Cumene	98-82-8	0.1 to <1	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 to <1	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act N

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) 671

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

light aromatic solvent naphtha (CAS 64742-95-6)

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
 Listed: November 4, 2011

 Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)
 Listed: April 6, 2010

 Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 Listed: June 11, 2004

 Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)
 Listed: January 1, 1988

 naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)
 Listed: April 19, 2002

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: March 28, 2014
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 7, 2009

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 07-28-2015

Version # 01

country(s).

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

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Material name: Pure Reflections NR Slow Activ PR90-QT Version #: 01 Issue date: 07-28-2015